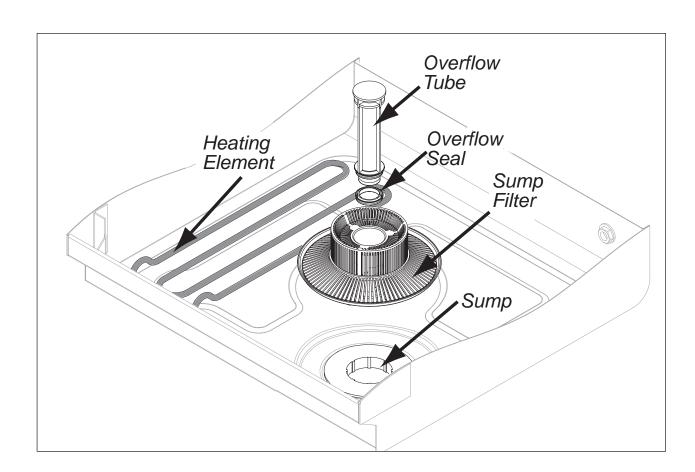
Cleaning

After Each Meal Period or every 8 Hours of Operation.

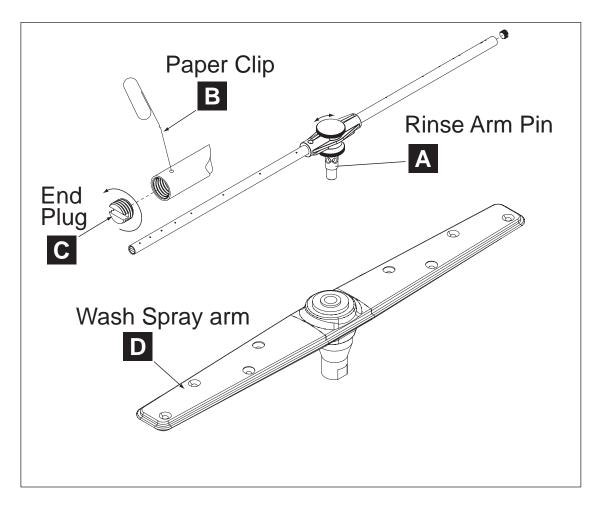
- 1. Press the lighted power switch to the OFF position. The power switch light will go out.
- 2. Open the door and remove the overflow tube.
- 3. Inspect and clean the overflow tube rubber seal
- 4. Remove the sump filter carefully to keep the soil or waste particles from falling into the sump.
- Clean the sump filter by rinsing with clean water.
 Be sure to back-flush the filter.
 Do not strike the filter against solid objects.
- 6. Check the sump for foreign material and clean as required.
- 7. Replace sump filter and the overflow tube.
- 8. Make sure that spray arms turn freely.
- 9. Close the door and turn the ON/OFF switch to ON and return to normal operation mode.



Cleaning

At the End of the Day

- 1. Remove the upper and lower rinse and wash spray arms. The spray arms are interchangeable.
- 2. Unscrew the rinse arm pin (A). Remove the rinse arm assemblies
- 3. Clean the final rinse arm nozzles using a small paper clip (B).
- 4. Remove the rinse arm end plugs (C) if necessary, and flush the rinse arm with clean water.
- 5. Re-install the rinse arm end plugs if they were removed.
- 6. Remove the wash spray arms and flush with clean water.
- 7. DO NOT USE STEEL WOOL TO CLEAN THE INTERIOR OF THE MACHINE.
- 8. Contact the chemical supplier for de-liming if required (see next page).
- 9. Wipe the interior and exterior of the machine with a soft cloth and a mild detergent. DO NOT HOSE THE EXTERIOR OF THE MACHINE WITH WATER.
- 10. Reassemble the dishwasher and leave the door open to allow overnight drying.



De-liming

Minerals accumulate on the interior surfaces of the dishwasher. The deposits have a white haze and, in cases of heavy accumulation, may appear as a granular solid. The generic name for mineral deposits is lime. The removal of lime deposits is called de-liming. Your dishwasher should be delimed regularly; how often will depend on the mineral content of your water.

Inspect your machine interior for lime deposits. If deliming is required, a de-liming agent should be used for best results in accordance with the chemical supplier's instructions.

DANGER:

Death or serious injury may result when de-liming solution is mixed with sodium hypochlorite *(chlorine bleach)* sanitizing agent. Mixing may cause hazardous gases to form.

De-liming solution and other acids must never be mixed with chlorine, iodine, bromine, or fluorine.

CAUTION:

Skin contact with de-liming solutions can cause severe irritation and possible chemical burns. Always wear protective clothing and googles when handling chemicals.

ATTENTION:

Contact your chemical supplier for specific safety procedures and instructions for the use of the de-liming solution supplied for the dishwasher.

De-liming solution or other chemicals are not supplied by the dishwasher manufacturer.

